UT Graduate School of Medicine IRB Submission Flowchart

http://gsm.utmck.edu/irb/main.cfm

LEVELS OF SUBMISSION **FORMS CITI Training MUST** be completed by everyone involved with the research at the time of IRB Submission. Case Reports Go to: https://www.citiprogram.org **Exempt Review** Case Reports are submitted in paper Less than "minimal risk"* to human subjects Go to the IRB Website for information on Meeting & The Form can be found at: Example: Deadline dates, Collaboration Forms, iMedRIS & http://gsm.utmck.edu/irb/forms.cfm#training NetIDs (All investigators must have a NetID) •Anonymous response survey, focus group or questionnaires Case Reports may be submitted at any time http://gsm.utmck.edu/irb/main.cfm •Collection or study of existing data or specimens where NO identifiable information is collected. To access iMedRIS you must have a browser open **Expedited Review** Go to: https://ris01.uthsc.edu "Minimal risk"* to human subjects Examples: Prospective or retrospective chart review, collecting limited personal identifiers or health information, surveys/questionnaires, any intervention or interaction with the subject Exempt and Expedited studies may be submitted any time. Exempt, Expedited & Full Board review are submitted through iMedRIS **Full Review** •Greater than "minimal risk"* to participants Use of investigational drugs/devices Contact with vulnerable populations •Working with data that can be traced or linked to individual participants Interventions involving physical or emotional discomfort

Projects of Non GSM / Non UHS Investigators must be approved by Janet Parkey, UHS Director of Research Compliance

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^{*&}quot;Minimal risk" means that the risks of harm anticipated in the proposed research are not greater, considering probability and magnitude, than those ordinarily encountered in daily life or during the performance of routine physical and physiological examinations or tests (noninvasive examples, physical, blood pressure, EKG). Note that all proposals must include a risk/benefit assessment to identify whether the research will pose more than a "minimal risk" to the subject.

^{**&}quot;Vulnerable Populations" include those whose interests require special protection, e.g., Pregnant women/fetus, prisoners, minors, subjects with psychiatric/mental disorders, etc.